

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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## PROSPECTS OF PEACE.

Senate Conferrees Will Return Uninstructed.

### THE RESULT OF THE CAUCUS.

The Senate Will Accede to the Request of the House For Another Conference on the Tariff Bill—Only Practical Course Open to the Majority—Hill, Murphy and Irby Again Absent.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The senate will accede to the request of the house for another conference on the tariff bill, and its conferees will return to the meeting with those of the house untrammelled by any specific instructions whatever. This was the conclusion of the Democratic senatorial caucus, which adjourned since die a few minutes after 5 o'clock yesterday, after a two days sitting. While the caucus did not commit itself to any definite line of policy in so many words, the conferees feel with their Democratic colleagues that they understand what a majority of them desire, and they believe this to be that they shall stand substantially for the senate bill.

This is not the individual preference of many nor perhaps of a majority of the Democratic senators, but it represents the opinion of most of them as expressed in the caucus as the only practical course open to the Democrats who think that the present congress must pass a tariff bill of some kind, whether it be what they prefer or not. In other words the result of the caucus which has just closed is the reascertaining of what was known when the three days' caucus met last March, that it is impracticable to pass any tariff bill through the senate which does not meet the demands of the so-called conservative senators and the Louisiana senators.

It became evident soon after the caucus convened that the resolution of Senator Jarvis to send the bill back to conference without instructions was the only course open to the caucus. The other propositions presented were those of Senator Vilas and his friends, one of which provided for instructions to the senate conferees to recede from the one-eighth of a cent differential on refined sugar without any other change in the sugar schedule, and the other to substitute for the present tariff schedule a duty of 45 per cent ad valorem without any differential, and that of the conservatives to instruct the committee to stand by the senate amendments.

Senator Vilas and two other senators opposed the latter course, and conservative senators declared absolutely and emphatically that they would not accept the Vilas proposition to recede from the differential, even though the ad valorem should be increased to 45 per cent or any other sum within reason. Senator Smith declared that such a change meant the shutting down of the refineries in his state, the throwing of thousands of men out of employment, and a general disturbance of industrial conditions such as he could not contemplate with composure and would not accept.

The Louisiana senators indicated a willingness as they had done the previous day, to accept the substitution of a 45-per-cent duty straight. The proposition did not, however, meet with general favor as the wisest course to pursue in view of the hostility of the New Jersey senator and those who acted with him, and in view of the fact that several senators who stated that they agreed with Mr. Vilas in his opposition to the sugar trust as a matter of principle, advised in favor of the cessation of all efforts to give formal instructions.

There have been few secret conferences from which so many conflicting reports emanated, and it was apparent that each senator took away an understanding to suit himself as to what implied instructions the conferees were under. Some felt that the senate bill would be adhered to, and others that the main point of difference, the one-eighth of a cent per pound on refined sugar, was to be eliminated and perhaps a new sugar schedule presented. But from those senators who have been managing the bill the statement came, with forceful emphasis, that upon the main propositions upon which the houses differed—sugar, coal and iron ore—there would be no change from the senate bill when it was returned from conference. One thing which every one felt assured of was that 43 votes could be counted on to send the bill back to conference.

The speeches yesterday were generally shorter than those of the day before, and were as a rule devoted to advising a strenuous effort to secure party harmony on the basis of a bill which would receive the support of 43 members of the senate. Senator Vilas spoke in general terms of the constitutional right of the house to originate financial legislation, without denying the concurrent right of the senate, he suggested that the house privilege in this respect could not be ignored with complacency or safety. He cautioned the caucus in strong terms to avoid all appearance of favoring monopolies in view of the present feeling on that subject.

Senators Smith, Blanchard and Caffery also made speeches of some length. Senator Gorman devoted himself to a verbal statement on the parliamentary status of the bill. Great earnestness was exhibited in the speeches of the New Jersey and Louisiana senators. Other senators, as a rule, spoke without any manifestation of feeling, and the meeting was, upon the whole, far more pleasant than that of Tuesday. A vast majority of those who participated in the caucus came out when it adjourned with their faces wreathed in smiles and

most of them indicated by their actions that they believed they had inaugurated a line of policy which would insure the passage of a tariff bill. Some of them who would say nothing as to the proceedings of the caucus, announced themselves as confident of ultimate success of the bill.

The vote on the resolution to send the bill to conference again was not unanimous, Senator Vilas and a few others opposing it and explicitly stipulating that their participation in the caucus should be considered as binding them to support the report of the conference committee when again presented.

During the proceedings the attitude of the Populist senators, Allen and Kyle, who have generally voted with the Democrats on the tariff bill, was alluded to, and one of the senators present stated that he had been authorized by Senator Allen that he thought the bounty on sugar should be continued for the present. The suggestion was not received with favor.

Senators Hill, Murphy and Irby were again absent from the caucus. It is understood that an attempt will be made in the senate to carry into effect the instructions of the caucus to have the bill sent back to conference. There may be some delay caused by more speech-making, but the senate members of the conference committee are of the opinion that the conference will be reopened by Friday morning.

A new phase was given to the discussion on coal by a proposition that the senate rate of 40 cents a ton should stand, with a proviso admitting coal free from such countries as make a reciprocity agreement to admit coal from the United States free. This brought out considerable comment favorable to the proposition and it was pointed out that this would give the Canadian coal free access to this country and yet compel Canada to remit her present duty on that article. While no agreement was reached the expressions were so generally favorable to the proposition that it was regarded as one of the points on which a common ground of agreement in conference could be reached. There was little discussion of iron ore, and nothing was done to change the situation on that article.

### In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—In the house the communications were read which passed between the French government and the American embassy at Paris relative to the assassination of President Carnot. The secretary of the United States embassy stated that the resolutions of condolence of the house and senate were read in the French chamber of deputies and senate amid great enthusiasm.

The conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was laid before the house, and gave rise to considerable discussion, principally on the clause giving the commissioner of pensions \$250,000 (a compromise between the \$200,000 of the house and \$300,000 of the senate) for making special examinations. The report was agreed to. At 5:05 the house adjourned.

### COMMISSION APPOINTED.

President Cleveland Names the Strike Arbitrators.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The president last night appointed the commissioners who are to investigate the controversies between certain railroads and their employees in connection with the recent railroad strike at Chicago and in the west. The statute under which the commission is appointed directs that the commissioner of labor shall be one of the commissioners and that another shall be appointed from the state in which the controversy arose.

The commissioners will be Carroll D. Wright, John D. Kernan of New York and Nicholas E. Worthington of Peoria, Ills. Mr. Kernan is a well known lawyer in Utica, N. Y., and a son of ex-United States Senator Kernan. He has been a particular and thorough student of labor questions and has written several important contributions to the literature of this subject. He was chosen because of his undoubted understanding of the subject and his well known sympathy with the laboring classes.

Nicholas E. Worthington is now a judge of the Illinois circuit court. He represented the Peoria district in congress about eight years ago.

### FOREST FIRES.

Two Villages Completely Destroyed and Other Damage Done.

NELSON, B. C., July 26.—The forest fires which have been raging in Slovan mining country for the past two weeks were fanned into a conflagration by the heavy gales yesterday and swept eastward from New Denver. The towns of Three Forks and Watson were completely destroyed, not a building being left. The losses can not yet be estimated, but will run into large figures.

The Galena Trading company and Lemon's store at Three Forks, saved nothing, even the books being destroyed. George Hughes, the well known mine owner, loses about \$20,000, all his horses, wagons, stables, etc., being burned. So far as known no lives were lost, although there were many narrow escapes. The people of Watson were saved by taking refuge in a tunnel.

### He Has Gone.

FRANKFORT, Ind., July 26.—William Wood, ex-county recorder, a prominent farmer and stock dealer, has gone away and, it is alleged, left behind him \$25,000 of debts, including a large amount of forged paper. Wood went away several days ago, saying he was going to Buffalo. The suspicions of his creditors were aroused, and it is said an investigation which was instituted has already brought to light a considerable sum of forged paper. It is said that Wood has been speculating heavily

## ILL FATED FIREMEN.

Three Lost in a Conflagration at Washington.

### TWO HUNDRED HORSES BURNED

The Great Stables of the Knox Transfer Company Completely Destroyed, With a Number of Other Buildings—Fire Fighters Rarely Face a More Trying Ordeal. The Loss.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Clanging bells, roaring flames, screeching engines, crashing walls, agonizing shrieks of horses that were perishing in the fiery furnace—such was the scene that was presented to eye and ear as Knox's stables at B and Second streets and other buildings in that block fell a prey to the destructive element yesterday.

Not since the big fire in the patent office many years ago has the fire department of the district had to cope with so fierce a conflagration. All its appliances were brought into action, but all efforts were unavailing to save the property from destruction. Five brave firemen were crushed under the falling walls. Four men were injured by falling walls and timbers and these were promptly removed to the Emergency hospital for treatment. Three of the firemen lost their lives.

Over 200 heavy draught horses, nearly all of the company's express wagons, and the contents of the large storage building were burned. The Adams Express company's stables, adjoining the Knox building to the north, were also almost entirely consumed. About 150 horses were in the Adams Express company's stable, but all were taken out by the hardest kind of work on the part of citizens and policemen.

Eight 2-story houses on the alley north of the Knox building, and two small frame houses back of the Adams stables were destroyed. Six or eight other residence houses were more or less damaged. Mitchell's blacksmith shop on Second street was crushed by falling walls.

The total loss will exceed a quarter of a million dollars. The bodies of the following named firemen have been recovered.

Samuel E. Mastin.  
Michael Fonten.  
Dennis Donohue—all firemen of No. 1 company.

One of the Knox stable employees was burned, and may die. Fully a dozen firemen and policemen were overcome by the heat, and had to be carried to places of safety.

The injured:  
J. G. Wilson, 525 Eleventh street, southeast, broken leg.

James Kelihan, 462 Virginia avenue, southwest, sprained back; seriously injured.

Lee Bell, 3202 I street, northwest, burned about hands and face.

James A. Hooper, Truck A, lacerated forehead.

Edward Cahill, citizen, shoulder broken.

The warehouse and stables occupied over a block. The fire was discovered about 2:30 o'clock.

A number of men were sleeping in the Knox building and were awakened by smoke. They found the entire rear of the second floor of the building in flames and had hardly time to escape with their lives. Before they had left the building the blaze had communicated to the 3-story rear part of the Adams stables, and was darting out of the windows of the second and first floors of both buildings in the rear.

A policeman sent in an alarm through a patrol box. It was a still alarm, and brought out two companies and a truck.

Five minutes later a general alarm was turned in, and in five minutes more the entire fire department of the city was at hand. Every company and every fireman was needed. A hotter fire never waged. The flames poured in great sheets from the doors and windows of the great stables. All this was in a very few minutes. A hundred men ran into the Adams stables and cut loose the 150 horses they contained. The animals were cut loose and turned into the street.

The horses of the Knox company could not be reached. There were 205 of them and they were on the second story of the building, which was a seething mass of flames.

The Knox building was a 4-story structure of brick. On the first floor were the heavy wagons of the concern; on the second floor the horses; on the third and fourth floors hay in large quantities and merchandise of all kinds, which had been stored with the company.

Another 4-story building of the Knox company, facing on Second street and connected with the stables, separated only by a thin brick wall, was used entirely for storage purposes. It was packed from basement to roof with furniture and merchandise. It is in this building that the greatest loss occurred. The heat was so intense that the firemen were obliged to throw water on each other repeatedly in order that they might continue at their posts. The men who had to hold lines of hose on the B street front of the Knox building were obliged to lie flat and hold their faces to the ground, so awful was the heat. A portion of the wall of the rear of the Adams building fell into the alley and across the back exit. The members of hose company No. 1 and several men of other companies were caught inside of the building.

Fire Chief Paris rushed to the rescue. Half a dozen leads of hose were turned upon the burning mass, which had fallen in front of the exit. As the bricks cooled slightly 20 firemen and as many

policemen rushed into the building. It was an awful risk. The walls of the Knox building were tottering. At any moment they might fall and crush the smaller Adams building under them.

In a moment the rescuers emerged from what was thought to be a death pit. In their arms they dragged the bodies of three firemen who had been hurt by falling bricks. While they were inside the heat had been so intense that they were almost baked alive. Their comrades were also scorched and singed. All were dragged back to the opposite sidewalk.

Two minutes after the party came out the upper floors of the Knox building fell. Only the lower, which made the office entrance to the building, was left standing. The fall of the walls was practically under control, but the flames were better than ever. It was now so hot that firemen and policemen began to succumb to the terrific heat. It was necessary to keep the hose playing on the residence houses all about, and the firemen, now completely exhausted, had to be relieved every four or five minutes.

Eight 2-story frame houses on the north alley caught fire. They were allowed to burn. Water and hose could not be wasted upon them. Their occupants had long since left them, and for 15 minutes bricks had been crashing through the roofs.

Fire started from the roofs of all the near dwellings. Ladders were brought into use, and citizens and policemen took the places of the exhausted firemen, and kept the fire from spreading.

The hay and light material with which the buildings were filled made a fierce fire. The flames darted high into the air, and made the Capitol, several blocks away, standing on the hill against the black sky, like a building painted in flame.

### New States.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The senate committee on territories, in ordering reports on the bills for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, have amended them so as to provide for the final admission with representation in congress at the same time as Utah. When the bill for Arizona passed the house, it contained a constitution which had already been adopted. The senate struck out this provision and a new constitution must be adopted. It is understood that the bills will not be called up this session in the senate, but that early in the short session they will be passed.

### Arrested For Embezzlement.

FRANKFORT, Ind., July 26.—Richard Gates, who last Sunday night claims to have been waylaid and robbed of \$500 belonging to the local benevolent orders, was arrested yesterday on the charge of embezzlement, and, failing to give bond in the sum of \$1,000, was placed in jail to await trial. His story was not generally believed at first, and when his books were examined and found short several hundred dollars, his arrest was determined upon. Gates stoutly maintains that he was robbed of his money.

### Died After Many Years.

HILLSBORO, O., July 26.—Captain Erskine Carson died here yesterday. Death was due to a bullet wound received at the first battle of Bull Run, which has caused the veteran more or less trouble ever since that memorable time. Captain Carson was the author of the famous dispatch to Governor Foraker asking the latter not to surrender any rebel flags while he was governor. This dispatch, with the governor's reply, was lithographed and sent all over the country.

### Resumed With Nonunion Men.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 26.—After a tie-up lasting several weeks, owing to a strike of its employees, the Youngstown Streetcar company resumed operation with nonunion men. Trouble was anticipated and while nothing serious has occurred so far, an outbreak may occur at any time. Ties were piled on the track at the western terminus of the road early in the day by the strikers and cars stoned in the eastern part of the city, but no one was injured.

### Mistaken For a Spy.

CHAGRIN FALLS, O., July 26.—Hon J. J. Stranahan of this place, superintendent of the United States fish hatcheries, at Put-in-Bay, was arrested in France for photographing French fortresses. He was supposed to be a German spy. John Sherman's letter of introduction and his government passport saved him from jail and a big fine. The French authorities confiscated his photographs and kodak.

### Sultan's Brother Arrested.

TANGIER, July 26.—Advices received here from Fez are to the effect that the sultan has caused the arrest of another of his brothers, Muley Omar, and the members of his suite. The prisoners are charged with conspiracy to depose the sultan and seize the throne.

### Four Firemen Injured.

MONTREAL, July 26.—Fire destroyed the wholesale upholstering factory of G. H. Labbe, on St. James street. Loss, \$70,000, with \$52,000 insurance, all in Canadian and English companies. Four firemen were injured.

### Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The cash balance in the treasury was \$123,709,981, of which \$30,624,692 was gold reserve. Engagements for exports already made will reduce this amount to \$60,424,903.

### Closed by the Sheriff.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The E. A. Armstrong company, manufacturers of regalia, were closed by the sheriff yesterday on executions issued on judgments by confessions, amounting to \$33,000.

### Renominated.

BRINKLEY, Ark., July 26.—Congressman Robert Neill was renominated by acclamation by the Sixth district Democratic convention yesterday.

## CHINA - JAPAN WAR.

Chinese Troops Landed on Korean Soil.

### NOT OPPOSED BY JAPANESE.

Some Prospects of a Peaceful Settlement of the Dispute Between the Two Countries—Japan More Amenable to the Councils of the Treaty Powers—There May Not Be Any Bloodshed.

SHANGHAI, July 26.—It is reported that the 12,000 Chinese troops, which left Taku on July 20, for Corea, conveyed by eight gunboats, have landed in Corea. The gunboats escorting the transports had instructions to fire upon the Japanese if the latter obstructed the landing of this army.

The other troops which left Foo Chow for the Loo Chow islands are also said to have safely reached their destination.

It is stated that if the report of the landing of the Chinese troops unopposed is correct, the prospects of a peaceful settlement of the disputes between China and Japan are improved, as the Chinese fleet of transports and gunboats could scarcely have escaped the vigilance of Japanese war vessels, if the latter had been preparing to oppose the landing of the Chinese force. This is said to show that Japan is now more amenable to the counsels of the treaty powers.

### Treaty Between China and Japan.

BERLIN, July 26.—The Cologne Gazette says that in the treaty concluded in 1885 between China and Japan, empowers both governments to demand that the King of Corea maintain a force of troops sufficient to guarantee public safety, and also to employ foreign officers to organize the Korean army.

At the same time, both parties to the treaty agreed not to send their own officers to organize the Korean army. Beyond the contention of Japan that the King of Corea has not attended to the maintenance of public order the terms of the treaty do not afford any grounds for Japan's interference.

### RECEIVER FOR MILLIONS.

Mismanagement of Affairs Causes an Appeal to the Courts.

KANSAS CITY, July 26.—Henry C. Ward of Kansas City was yesterday afternoon appointed receiver of all the property of John J. Mastin & Company in Missouri, Kansas and Colorado, worth \$3,500,000. The debts of the firm aggregate to \$800,000. The petition for the appointment was filed by Julia Mastin of Galena, Kan., widow of John J. Mastin. She makes charges of gross mismanagement against Thomas H. Mastin, brother of the deceased.

The appointment was made by United States District Judge Foster at Topeka yesterday afternoon. At the time of his death in 1890, John J. Mastin was associated in the real estate business with Thomas H. John J. Mastin's interest in the firm, which was valued at \$3,500,000, was willed to his widow, Thomas H. continuing to manage the business. The widow sets forth that the mortgages on the real estate now amount to \$1,000,000, or twice as much as when her husband died. She says Thomas H. Mastin has mismanaged and is mismanaging the business of the firm in many respects.

### Alarming Situation.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 26.—The strikers of the southern end of the coke region were marching again yesterday, an armed body passing Cool Spring, en route to Scottdale, where a mass meeting was held in the afternoon. The number of armed strikers in the region is increasing daily and the fact is creating much alarm. At daybreak several bodies of men assembled at Cool Spring, where armed companies have been drilling for several weeks. After a drill all left for the meeting.

### Not Yet Settled.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—A settlement of the Massillon coal strike was apparently as far off as ever when the operators adjourned their meeting at the Weddell House yesterday. The strike has been a stubborn one, lasting since February, and the opinion was expressed after the meeting that the prospects were good for just as much stubbornness on both sides for another long siege.

### Last of the Coxe Army.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Coxey's army camp, at Hyattsville, is gradually dispersing. The men have been on the point of starvation, Coxey, in an address to them yesterday, told them that about the only thing for them to do now was to go to Washington and beg, get arrested and have the district to support them. Coxey and his son left for home yesterday.

### Will Continue the Strike.

OAKLAND, Cal., July 26.—The local lodge of American Railway union held a meeting last evening at which between 500 and 600 members were present. By an almost unanimous vote it was decided to continue the strike, at least until the Southern Pacific managers should signify a willingness to take the men back in a body.

### An Absolute Divorce.

YANKTON, S. D., July 26.—Herbert Hall Winslow, the playwright of New York, who, 18 months ago, brought suit for divorce against his wife, Daisy Edna Winslow, and in which case the jury found for Mrs. Winslow, has been given a decree of absolute divorce by Judge E. G. Smith, who in his decision set aside the verdict of the jury.

## EVENING BULLETIN.

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THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1894.

Fair, warmer weather.

### PROFIT SHARING.

While capital and labor have been suffering loss and confusion in the efforts to settle their differences by force, and have fully demonstrated that the method is a failure, broad-minded men, mindful of the power of gentler agencies, and of the strength of union, have been showing that confidence and cooperation between employers and employes are wonderful helps in times of business depression, says the Courier-Journal. An article by Arthur Reed Kimball in the New York Independent on the progress of profit sharing comes with peculiar timeliness, just as labor retires, bruised and suffering, from another ineffectual effort to get what it wants by violence. To labor, weary with the unequal conflict, it points a surer and easier way. To capital suffering from the constant disturbance, the discontent and the interruption of business, it points a remedy within its reach. It is a remedy not possible so long as suspicion and enmity exist between employer and employee, and it has therefore not gained much ground while Debsism was working itself to the boiling-over point. Yet the results of experiments in this direction are shown to have been eminently satisfactory.

About 100 concerns are said by Mr. Kimball to be now practicing profit-sharing in this country. So far as known the pinch of hard times has produced no trouble between these concerns and their employes, although many, perhaps most of them, have had to reduce wages. Mr. Alfred Dolge, the manufacturer of felt goods, has been sharing profits with his employes for twenty years in the way of insurance and retiring pensions. He says that it gives stability to his working force, and the understanding between the wage-payer and the wage-earner is so thorough that a cut of 10 per cent. during the panic was accepted without complaint.

The N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company, of St. Louis, has practiced profit-sharing on a large scale. After 6 per cent. has been set aside from the profits as the commercial rate of interest on capital, and other amounts have been set aside for the reserve and the provident fund for the benefit of employes, the remaining profits are apportioned in dividends, 2 per cent. on wages and 1 per cent. on capital. The company has established at LeClair, Ill., a model industrial town, free from the features which give a suggestion of loss of independence at Pullman. Wages were reduced 25 per cent. last summer, the men agreeing readily. In October full wages were restored, although the profits left no margin for a wages' dividend—the first time this had happened since the experiment was begun in 1886.

These and other experiments in the same or similar lines indicate that the key to the solution of labor troubles is to give the employe in some way an interest in the prosperity of his employer, whether it be by a provident fund, by profit-sharing, by the investment of the employe's savings in the stock of the corporation employing him, or by whatever other of the numerous devices that readily suggest themselves when wanted.

A CORRESPONDENT of the BULLETIN calls to mind that he was in Washington a few days after the first Bull Run battle, thirty-three years ago last Saturday, before the excitement and alarm had hardly abated, and while troops were hurrying from all sides to the defense of the Capital. He stayed with old John Covode, the distinguished Congressman from Pennsylvania, and Edgar A. Cowan, one of that State's gifted Senators. He remembers particularly that he got to the gate of the White House grounds on his way to see Mr. Lincoln, but for some reason, much to his after disappointment, he failed to get a glimpse of that illustrious man. He climbed to the top of the Capitol, thinking he might get a sight of the Confederate army over in Virginia, but was not able to see it. There wasn't much to see in Washington in those days except the Patent Office and the Smithsonian Institute, the Washington monument being almost hid in the Potomac flats. The "National Intelligencer" still occupied its dingy old quarters of one story in the heart of the city.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at J. James Wood's.

## SWIFT VENGEANCE.

A Colored Brute Ravishes A Fourteen-Year-Old Girl at Blue Licks.

Taken From the Nicholas County Jail at Midnight Last Night and Strung Up.

A telephone message received here Wednesday brought news that Wm. Tyler, a colored waiter at the hotel at Blue Lick Springs, ravished the person of a fourteen-year-old white girl, daughter of Mr. John Campbell, of that neighborhood, about 6 o'clock Tuesday evening. The brute beat the girl terribly and after accomplishing his hellish purpose threw her body into Licking River, thinking she was dead. The girl however made her way to shore and reported the treatment she had received to some of the neighbors. Tyler attempted to escape but was followed to Mayslick by officers where he was captured and taken to Carlisle and placed in jail.

At midnight last night, a mob succeeded in taking Tyler from the jail at Carlisle. The fiend was hurried out of town to a new iron bridge about two miles distant, where he was promptly strung up.

It is said Tyler makes the seventh man hung at the point named.

Tyler denied at first that he was the party wanted, but his conversation afterwards and other facts brought out left no doubt of his guilt.

### COUNTY CULLINGS.

Items Picked Up by the Bulletin's Correspondents in Mason and Elsewhere.

#### MT. OLIVET.

A valuable filly of James B. Gray was kicked, had a leg broken and had to be killed.

T. W. Gough has several fat cattle that some buyer can get a bargain, as "Bud's" grass is short and he doesn't care to keep the bovines longer.

The drouth has damaged early corn and vegetables, while late planted tobacco is a poor stand. We have noticed, however, that copious rains work wonders.

And so Maysville is to have a shoe factory. Good luck to the dear old sister. 'Tis refreshing to hear she is arousing from her Rip Van Winkle snooze and indicating she means to utilize her advantages to become what she could and ought to have been fifty years ago, one of the leading manufacturing cities of the Union. Her natural advantages are good, transportation facilities excellent, and surplus capital abundant,—all the essentials needed to place her in the front ranks. In speaking of Maysville's possibilities, an old citizen of the town said to us a few days ago: "I knew Maysville when she was a city—that was over fifty years ago. She had manufacturing then, and the products of those manufacturing were sold in every State and Territory of the Union and even in foreign lands. Why were their sales widespread? Because the material and workmanship were excellent by those of no other manufacturing and prices were equally as low, if not lower. Yes, Maysville was a city one day, and gave promise of becoming a manufacturing center of no small dimensions. But things have changed. There is a cause for all things, and there is a cause for this. It's not lack of capital, because Maysville has more solid wealth than any town of similar size in the State. A half century ago she had the wholesale trade of North-eastern Kentucky and Southern Ohio. Now she doesn't control all her local retail trade. The cause? I can divine only one: Failure to build and sustain manufacturing." Is our old friend correct in his deductions? If he is, Maysville should get a move on herself.

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### PERSONAL.

—Miss Bessie Childs, of this city, is visiting friends at Cynthiana.

—Mrs. F. S. Andrews, of St. Louis, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Russell.

—Miss Anna Gray has returned from a pleasant visit of several weeks in the country.

—Misses Mary and Alice Walton, of Mill Creek, are the guests of Mrs. P. Tierney.

—Mr. Martin M. McKnight is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Jane T. Marshall, in Fleming County.

—Miss Lida Childs, who has been visiting Miss Lillie Fleig, of Ripley, returned home to-day.

—Little Jim Gray, of near Ewing, is visiting his brother, Mr. Lee Gray, of West Second.

—Mr. Buckner Wall, of this city, is at home after a pleasant visit to his friend, Mr. Lake Dudley, of Flemingsburg.

—Miss Georgia Simms, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hamlet Sharp, has returned to her home at Litchfield, Ill.

—Mr. Gilligan, the Regulars' new catcher, was called to Cincinnati this morning by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his mother.

—Mrs. Mollie Talbott and daughters, of Bourbon, and Miss Theonora Stubbins, of Bowling Green, are visiting Mrs. S. M. Worthington and family, of Fern Leaf.

—Mr. W. C. Threlkeld and family of Morning View, Ky., are visiting his brother, Mr. James Threlkeld. Mr. Threlkeld is a Goebel delegate from Kenton to the Appellate convention.

### Death of Mrs. Dr. James A. Metcalfe.

A telegram received Tuesday by Mr. George Wood, of the county, conveyed the sad news of the death of his daughter, Mrs. Doctor James A. Metcalfe, at her home in Azusa, Cal., on that day. She had been sick but a few days, and her husband had just reached home from Natchez, Miss., whither he had been called by the death of his brother, Andrew W. Metcalfe.

Mr. and Mrs. Wood have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement. Mrs. Metcalfe left three children to mourn her death.

Deceased was a sister of Mr. C. Shultz Wood, of this city.

SEE P. S. KEMPER—fire, life and tornado insurance.

# Genuine Bargain Sale

OF

## MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and WASH GOODS

Money talks and our cash bargains are worth an attentive hearing. The lowest price has been reached. Never were goods offered so cheap. If you know a bargain when you see it and want one, call on us within the next two weeks.

**LADIES' Fine Muslin Night Robes, tucked and trimmed with fine Hamburg, an excellent 85 cent quality, at the special price of.....** **50c.**

**LADIES' Extra Fine Muslin Night Robes, elaborately trimmed with handsome Lace and Hamburg, an excellent \$1.25 and \$1.50 quality, at the special price of.....** **75c. and \$1**

**LADIES' Drawers, elaborately trimmed with fine Lace and Embroidery, an excellent \$1.00 and \$1.25 quality, for.....** **50c. and 75**

**LADIES' Fine Muslin Drawers, neatly trimmed.....** **25 Cents**

Our prices are correspondingly low on Skirts, Chemise and Corset Covers. Wash Goods, Dimities, Irish Lawns, Percales, Japonettes, Ducks, &c., we are closing out at cost, to make room for a large stock of handsome fall goods.

# D. HUNT & SON.



for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

On account of the increased popularity of the steamer Laurance's Tuesday and Friday evening excursions, the children have not had a fair opportunity to enjoy themselves. On this account Captain Phister has been appealed to by parents and others to have a Thursday evening excursion, commencing this evening, for all having children in charge. No children admitted on board unless accompanied by parents or guardians. This is not intended to exclude adults coming not bringing children, as all will be welcome, but to give the little ones full possession of lower deck. Admission 10 cents. Tuesday and Friday evening excursions as before. Music by Clifford's orchestra.

### Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism; his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by J. James Wood.

### Mrs. Sarah Miller.

Mrs. Sarah Miller died this morning at 3:30 o'clock of a complication of diseases, after a long and painful illness covering a period of over three years. Deceased was born in Buralden, Germany, but most of her long life was spent in this country. She was seventy years of age and leaves six children, two daughters and four sons, all grown. Mrs. Miller was a good christian woman and had a host of warm friends who with her family will mourn her demise. She was the mother of Messrs Jacob, Peter, Fredrick and William Miller and Mrs. Tim Mendall, of this city, and Mrs. Edward Biltz, of Newport, Ky.

The date of the funeral will not be decided on until Mrs. Biltz arrives. The services will be conducted by Rev. T. W. Watts, of M. E. Church, South. Funeral private.

PARIS GREEN—If you want it strictly pure and cheap call at Chenoweth's drug store. Also all grades machine oils cheap.

### HAVE NO EQUAL

For 5 Cents.

"El Racimo" Cigars.

Ask your retail dealer for them.

E. R. WEBSTER & CO., Wholesale Agts., CINCINNATI. Leading Key West and Eastern Cigar manufs.

# KENTUCKY'S GREAT BLUE RIBBON FAIR

## AND MIDSUMMER TROTTING MEETING

MAYSVILLE, KY.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, August 1, 2, 3, 4.

WEDNESDAY, August 1.....	THURSDAY, August 2.....	FRIDAY, August 3.....	SATURDAY, August 4.....
2:40 Trot.....Purse \$400	4-year-old Stake (18 en.).....Purse \$600	2-year-old Trot (19 en.).....Purse \$600	2:27 Trot.....Purse \$400
2:21 Trot.....Purse 400	2:17 Trot.....Purse 400	2:35 Trot.....Purse 400	2:19 Trot.....Purse 400
2:20 Pace.....Purse 400	2:30 Trot.....Purse 400	2:12 Pace or Trot.....Purse 400	2:25 Pace.....Purse 400
	2:19 Pace.....Purse 400	2:24 Trot.....Purse 400	

MUSIC BY MAYSVILLE'S UNRIVALED BAND.

Admission--Men, 50 Cts.; Ladies, 25 Cts.

The finest display of Ring Horses, Saddle, Harness, Road and Park Horses. Special trains on all railroads at one fare for the round trip. Electric Street Cars and C. and O. Railway deliver passengers at Grand Stand. Come spend a pleasant day. P. P. PARKER, President. THOMAS A. KEITH, Treasurer. JAS. W. FITZGERALD, Sec.

## THEY COMBINED.

### It Was the Field Against Paynter in the Appellate Convention.

The Appellate Delegation From Harrison Admitted—Looks Like Washington.

The Democrats of the Sixth Appellate district met at Augusta yesterday to nominate a candidate for Judge.

Russell Hall was the scene of the convention, and it was packed by an enthusiastic crowd when the house was called to order. Standing room was in demand, the aisles being crowded.

The hall had been very handsomely decorated with flowers, bunting, fancy lanterns and the National colors, and presented a far more attractive scene than it did on the occasion of the late Republican convention. A band composed of members of the Dover and Ripley bands varied the monotony of the proceedings by rendering some very sweet music at intervals.

Chairman Poyntz of the District Executive Committee called the house to order promptly at 1 o'clock and stated the object of the meeting. Tony Reuscher, of Campbell, was called to the platform to act as Secretary during the preliminary proceedings.

A call of the counties followed for nominations for temporary Chairman. Campbell presented the name of Hon. Lucius Desha, and Mason the name of Colonel W. LaRue Thomas.

Pendleton surprised the crowd by casting her vote for Thomas which brought out loud cheers from Mr. Paynter's friends. Their exultation, however, was short-lived, as Pendleton soon changed her vote to Desha. Carter cast her vote for Thomas, but this was contested. Harrison showed up likewise. After considerable wrangling, Chairman Poyntz ruled that the delegation whose credentials were certified by the Executive Committee were entitled to cast the vote of the county on temporary organization. The vote resulted—

Thomas.....69  
Desha.....75  
Mr. Desha thanked the convention very warmly for the honor, and assured them he would act honestly and fairly in all his rulings.

David Poyntz, of Grant, and C. B. Willis, of Bracken, were placed in nomination for temporary Secretary. The vote resulted—

Poyntz.....75  
Willis.....69  
Mr. Poyntz was declared elected, and Mr. Willis was then unanimously chosen assistant temporary Secretary.

On motion, the chair appointed four persons to act as Sergeants-at-Arms. Sheriff Sheehy and Deputy Sheriff Pope and J. R. Wilson, of Bracken, and ex-Sheriff Alexander, of Mason, were appointed. Colonel Ed. McGrath, of Newport, was then elected Chief Sergeant-at-Arms.

A gentleman from Boone moved that committees on credentials, organization and resolutions be appointed, said committees to consist of one from each Legislative district in the Sixth Appellate district, the delegations from the various Legislative districts to select the members of the committees; Carter and Rowan being parts of a Legislative district to be entitled to one member on each committee.

Mr. Roe, of Greenup, offered an amendment that the committees should consist of one from each county in the Appellate district. The amendment was lost, the vote being 69 for, and 75 against. The original motion then prevailed. This was another victory for the anti-Paynter combination.

L. W. Robertson on organization, Judge Wall on credentials, and James H. Saltee on resolutions were Mason County's representatives on the various committees.

It was 2 o'clock when the temporary organization and the work of appointing the committees was completed, and the convention then took a recess until 3 o'clock.

The convention reassembled at 3 o'clock. A report of the Committee on Credentials was called for. Mr. Thomas, of Mason, asked the Chair if the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization was not first in order. The Chair replied that it was not, that the first thing to do was to decide who were the proper delegates. Judge Cole appealed from this ruling of the Chair, but the Chair replied that there was nothing to appeal from, that he had simply given his opinion in response to Mr. Thomas' question.

The Committee on Credentials sent word that it would be unable to report for one hour.

Judge Robertson, of the Committee on Organization, reported that the committee was utterly unable to agree, and moved that Colonel W. LaRue Thomas be chosen permanent Chairman. Judge Helm

made the point of order that until the report of the Committee on Credentials was made and adopted, the convention could transact no business. The Chair ruled the point well taken. Mr. Robertson appealed from the decision and the Chair was sustained by a vote of 75 to 69.

On motion the Chair appointed Judge Lockhart, of Newport, and Judge Cole, of Mason, a committee to invite General Wat Hardin to address the convention. The General entertained the crowd for three-quarters of an hour with one of his characteristically strong Democratic speeches, closing with an eloquent tribute to woman, addressing himself especially to the bevy of lovely young ladies who graced the platform.

The veteran Democrat, Hon. A. H. Ward, of Cynthia, who is almost eighty years old, followed General Hardin, and gave the convention some sound advice about settling their little contentions. He told them to fight the common enemy when they wanted to fight any one. Judge Ward has voted fourteen times for President. He is as active and full of life as a man of fifty or sixty.

It was now after four o'clock and the Committee on Credentials sent word that it would be two hours before they would be ready to report. The convention thereupon took a recess until 8 p. m.

Following are the resolutions:

Resolved, By the Democracy of the Sixth Appellate district of Kentucky in convention assembled that we hereby re-affirm our fealty to the Democratic party and its time-honored principles as expressed in the Chicago platform of 1892. That we endorse the administration of President Grover Cleveland and commend him for his course, and fealty to the cause of the American people, and his opposition to trusts and his efforts to promote tariff reform.

That we commend the course of the Democratic Representatives in Congress who have stood firm to the cause of Democratic principles, and again call upon them to use every effort to perfect such tariff legislation as shall redeem the pledges of the Democratic party and restore prosperity to the laboring and business men of the country.

Fletcher Day, Felicity (O.) Times; J. M. Allen, Cynthia Democrat; W. P. Campbell, Cincinnati Post, C. L. Saltee, Louisville Courier-Journal; W. H. Ellis, Cincinnati Tribune; J. E. Thompson and Captain H. C. Weaver, Augusta Chronicle; J. W. Crumbaugh and J. D. Felix, Augusta Reporter; G. F. Parish and A. F. Curran, Dover News; G. W. Oldham, Sunday Morning Call; H. E. Frost, Ripley Bazaar; S. F. Kennedy, Clermont (O.) Sun; J. V. Schiffer, Covington Democrat; James A. Hogan, Cincinnati Times-Star; J. R. Jameson, Covington Commonwealth; Captain Marcum, Catlettsburg Democrat; W. P. Emerson, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette; Mr. Vastine, of the Enquirer; H. Duley, of the Flemingsburg Times-Democrat; J. L. McDowell, Mt. Olivet Advance; Harris Green, Frankfort Capital, and the BULLETIN scribe were all doing the convention for their respective papers.

The contention in the Committee on Credentials was over the Harrison County contest. The Carter County wrangle was soon amicably settled, but it was nearly 7 o'clock before the committee got through with Harrison. After listening to witnesses from both delegations the case was briefly argued by Judge Wall, Mr. Ben Roe and others for the Paynter delegation, and a gentleman from Boone and others for Applegate delegation. The vote was then taken, and the committee voted to seat the Applegate delegation. The Chairman of the first convention admitted in his testimony before the Committee on Credentials that the report of the committee that selected the Paynter delegation was never adopted, and it was on this evidence mainly that the contending delegation was seated.

Before the convention met some of Congressman Paynter's friends made a proposition to Applegate, the substance of which was that Harrison's vote would be equally divided between him and Paynter, the survivor to get it all, on condition that Applegate would vote with Paynter on the temporary organization. This was satisfactory to Applegate and was accepted, and the Pendleton delegation went to the hall with that understanding. Mr. Paynter, however, soon after went to Applegate and refused to stand up to the agreement, in all its terms. He was willing for Applegate to have the Harrison vote, but said it must be cast by the Paynter delegation from that county; that he could not trust the Applegate crowd on the floor. Mr. Applegate at once declared the whole thing off, and reached the hall just in time to have Pendleton's vote for temporary chairman changed from Thomas to Desha. This was a knock-out for Mr. Paynter, as it lost him the organization of the convention, and in the opinion of many practically destroyed all hopes of his nomination.

LIVELY TIMES LAST NIGHT.

The Latest News From the Seat of War—A Free-For-All Fight.

[Special to BULLETIN.]  
The convention met at 8 o'clock last night. For some reason the Committee

on Credentials made no report. The loss of Harrison County made the Paynter contingent wrathful and there was much talk of nominating Goebel.

The Paynter crowd led by LaRue Thomas and Judge Cole vainly tried time and again to adjourn to this morning. The Goebel men coquetted with all sides and finally the convention became noisy and ungovernable.

There was one hour in which the convention was a howling mob.

The Paynter men forced the proceedings as far as nominations, all four of the candidates being placed before the convention, and were trying to make temporary organization permanent and demanding a ballot when a fight took place, near the stage, in the Kenton delegation between Jim Thompson and John McDonald, of Covington.

The fight became general and caused tremendous excitement. Pistols and knives were out and the convention stampeded and adjourned itself.

Men and women leaped from the high windows and were more or less bruised and hurt. Colonel DeMoss, of Newport, broke his leg. It is rumored that a Mason County man was badly cut but the report I think is not true.

It is whispered at this writing that Paynter captured enough votes last night to be nominated on first ballot. I think the Committee on Credentials will give all of Harrison to Applegate, all of Carter to Paynter and all of Kenton to Goebel, and then Goebel will throw twenty-eight votes to Washington and practically nominate him. C. L. S.

The Modern Mother.

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

FRESH Blue Lick at Calhoun's.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agent.  
LENNIE L. FRONK and Miss Minnie Tucker, of Bracken, were married yesterday at the Clerk's office, Judge Phister officiating.

MESSRS. MYALL & SHACKLEFORD are having a concrete pavement put down in front of their place of business on West Second street.

THE woman's union prayer meeting at the Central Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance requested.

PAINTING and paper-hanging promptly and artistically done by Hauke. Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at White, Judd & Co.'s.

THE dining hall and booths of the Maysville Fair Company will be sold on the grounds next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Jas. W. FITZGERALD, Sec.

CALL at Ballenger's and see the fine silver water sets he is displaying. And when you want anything in the jewelry line, remember his stock is complete and embraces the very latest novelties.

TO REDUCE a very large stock of ladies' and gent's watches, silver, tea, table and dessert spoons, Rogers & Bro.'s knives, forks and spoons, I have made a very decided reduction on these goods. Call and learn prices. No trouble to show you. P. J. Murphy, the jeweler and optician.

GRAND excursion to Oligo-nunk, the place of caves, Sunday, July 29th, 1894. Special train will leave Maysville, Ky., at 9:23 a. m., arriving at the caves at 12, noon. Returning will leave the caves at 6 p. m. Round trip rates \$1.50, including admission and guides through the caves. Fine large pavilion with restaurant service on the grounds. See small bills for further information.

LORING & LESLIE combination will be the attraction at Washington Opera House all next week. With eight people as good as they are, making ten people in all, they will give a continuous performance lasting three hours, which will be full of funny situations, songs, dances, etc., and will no doubt give better satisfaction than any attraction that has visited here in a long while. Their prices are within keeping of the times—10, 20 and 30 cents.

**E. R. WEBSTER & CO'S**  
**OWL BRAND**  
FLAVORING EXTRACT  
A MODEL OF  
PURITY AND FLAVOR  
→ STRENGTH ←

## CLEARANCE SALE OF SUMMER DRY GOODS

Batiste, Belfast Lawns and Dotted Swiss reduced from 10 to 6½c. a yd.  
Extra fine quality of Dotted Swiss reduced from 15 to 10c. per yard.  
Fifty pieces of Lawns and Challies at 5 cts. per yard. Lancaster and Amoskeag Gingham at 5c. a yard.  
Dress Gingham at 5 and 7½c. per yard.  
See our Remnant Counter. A big lot of remnants of Lawns, Ducks and Sateens at 5 cents per yard.

## Browning & Co.,

51 WEST SECOND ST.

**McClanahan & Shea,**  
—DEALERS IN—  
**STOVES,**  
RANGES,  
MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE, TIN-ROOFING,  
GUTTERING AND SPOUTING.  
Job Work of All Kinds  
Executed in the Best Manner.

**HERMANN LANGE**  
COR. ARCADE  
**JEWELER**  
181 VINE ST. CINCINNATI, O.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.  
WE are authorized to announce GEORGE WASHINGTON, of Newport, as a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, for the Sixth Appellate district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR.  
WE are authorized to announce J. DAVID DYE as the Republican candidate for Assessor.

FOR CORONER.  
WE are authorized to announce JOHN D. ROE as a candidate for Coroner, subject to the will of the Democratic party.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.  
OWENS as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Magisterial district No. 4, subject to the vote of the people at the polls.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN L. GRANT as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the second Magisterial district, subject to the will of the people, November election, 1894.

MAGISTRATE.  
WE are authorized to announce M. D. FARLEY as a candidate for Magistrate in the eighth Magisterial district, subject to the will of the Democratic party.

FOR CONSTABLE.  
WE are authorized to announce SAM J. SOWER as a candidate for Constable in Dover precinct at the November election, 1894, subject to the will of the people.

WE are authorized to announce J. B. MCINTYRE as a candidate for re-election as Constable in the Third Magisterial district at the ensuing November election.

WE are authorized to announce GEORGE W. COOK as a candidate for Constable in Magisterial district No. 2, subject to the will of the people.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A handsome two-story residence: lot 35x300. Will sell for \$1,200, on easy terms. A. N. SAPP, 135 W. Second street. 5-tf

FOR SALE—Two good Milch Cows. Apply to CHAS. E. MCCARTHY, at L. and N. depot. tf

FOR SALE—Good range "Grand Active;" also a square piano. Apply at this office.

## LOST.

LOST—On Friday between J. J. Wood's corner and the Christian Church, a boys' vest. The finder will please leave it at Denton's stable.

LOST—July 16th, a tan colored Cape, between the Layham tollgate and Maysville. Finder will please leave it at the Mayslick postoffice and receive reward. 20d3t

## NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF CITY BONDS.

NOTICE is hereby given to holders of bonds Nos. 15 to 70, inclusive, of the city of Maysville, known as the Water bonds, due August 1st, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, that the same will be paid on August 1st, 1894, upon presentation at the Bank of Maysville, Maysville, Ky. After the above date interest on the overdue bonds mentioned will cease.

17-2Wd WILLIAM H. COX, Mayor.

I HAVE rented the Grain House lately occupied by S. A. Piper and am prepared to buy grain. Sacks furnished on application.

T. J. WINTER.  
Maysville, July 11, 1894. 11dwtm

## ECONOMIZE

Not by skimping yourself and family of the necessities of life, but by buying where you get the most goods and the best goods for the least money. Hundreds have taken advantage of our special cut-price offers to CASH buyers, and thereby saved a large per centage of their hard earnings. You who have not taken advantage of these liberal offers, read the following list and profit by the experience of others:

1 pound Arbuckle's Coffee.....	24
1 pound Levering's Coffee.....	23
1 gallon best new crop Molasses.....	43
1 gallon good new crop Molasses.....	29
1 gallon best old crop Molasses.....	29
1 gallon best golden Syrup.....	29
1 gallon best Honey Drip Syrup.....	38
1 20-lb. bucket Home-made Preserves.....	\$1 88
1 can best Cove Oysters.....	15
1 can best Cove Oysters, large size.....	13
1 can best Salmon, red meat.....	13
1 bar good family Soap.....	2
1 box 500 best Matches.....	4
1 quart Navy Beans.....	4
1 quart Marrowfat Beans.....	7
1 quart Lima Beans.....	7
1 large bottle best Catsup.....	18
1 pound best Macaroni.....	6

These prices for cash only. All goods named in former lists at same prices given, if not reduced in this.

Strawberry season is at hand. Remember my house will be headquarters for Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds.

**R. B. LOVEL,**  
LEADING GROCER.

## ONCE MORE

We greet you with our low prices, and cordially invite you to visit our store and find anything your fancy may wish or mind dictate. Our stock is complete.

10c. package Washing Compound.....	5c
12 bars Soap.....	25c
1 good Scrub Brush.....	5c
1 good water Bucket.....	10c
2 good Brooms.....	25c
3 cakes Scentone.....	10c
3 cakes Sapolio.....	25c
3 boxes Gelatine.....	25c
1 gallon N. O. Molasses.....	25c
1 pound Levering's Coffee.....	22c
1 bottle Extract Vanilla.....	5c
1 bottle Extract Lemon.....	5c
100 large Pickles in brine.....	25c
3 pounds Langdon's Ginger Snaps.....	25c
3 pounds Langdon's Molasses Cookies.....	25c
1 pound Langdon's Graham Crackers.....	15c
1 pound Java Coffee Cakes.....	15c
1 pound Langdon's Vanilla Water Cakes.....	20c

Try our own strictly pure Baking Powder, only 20 cents per pound.  
We mean business and stand ready to substantiate every word this space contains. The people's grocery.

**CUMMINS & REDMOND,**  
Successors to Hill & Co.

## WANTED.

WANTED—A four foot glass show case. Second handed. L. HILL. 26-2d

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two-story dwelling on Second street between Limestone and Vine. The house is in complete repair. Has five rooms and a kitchen. M. C. HUTCHINS, agent. 24-tf

FOR RENT—Store house and office on Sutton street. Address D.W. JANUARY, Flemingsburg, Ky. dtf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, suitable for a couple of gentlemen. Apply at this office. 12d1f

FOR RENT—The house on south east corner of Front and Market, formerly occupied by KARR & Co. and N. Gollenstein. Apply to GARRATT & WALL. 12d1f

